

Interactive Sovereign Society Advocacy Registry

The Interactive Sovereign Society Advocacy Registry lists political objectives that the society chooses to advocate on behalf of. Any representatives of the society, defined as members who have accepted votes from other members toward the position of prime representative, may advocate for the objectives listed in this registry and claim to be speaking on behalf of the society. Any representatives of the society who claim to be speaking on behalf of the society but are advocating political objectives not listed in this registry will be asked to make all reasonable efforts to remedy the harm done to the society by any such false representation. Failure to do so may be expected to result in a termination of their membership through an ISS judicial panel for violation of ISS principles.

An entry made in this registry should include a list of the perceived inconsistencies of existing laws with a moral paradigm, the specific political objective advocated to bring existing laws more into consistency with the moral paradigm, and the observed effects of the achievement of this objective so far or the theoretical reasoning describing how the achievement of the objective may be expected to have the predicted effect.

Under no circumstances may any representative be indicted for advocating political objectives that are explicitly stated to be not necessarily representing the views of the society as a whole but rather only the personal views of the speaker, no matter how inconsistent those views are with this registry, as long as the expression of those views does not violate the society's principles.

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Main Topics

Allocating Taxes Redirected to the ISS From External Governments

This Advocacy Registry item illustrates the willingness of the ISS to incorporate the perpetuation of the interactive electoral system into usage in existing governments into other agendas pursued by those governments that are desired by the People for the benefit of the People, without undermining or reducing the effectiveness of those agendas.

The ISS advocates that its jurisdictional subcommittees in the External Legislation Committee follow a uniform strategy, as follows in this entry, on how to allocate taxes received from members who receive a constitutional exemption from paying taxes to periodically elected governments through courts and are instead allowed to contribute similar quantities to the ISS.

The ISS advocates that any such subcommittee look at the allocations made by the governing party in an external government that conventionally collects taxes that have instead been received by the ISS, approach any opposition parties with members elected to the government and ask how they might have alternatively allocated those taxes, and then calculate an allocation somewhere in between those alternatives that might entice members of those opposition parties to join the ISS based on knowing their tax allocations would end up more consistent with the party they support.

The ISS advocates any such subcommittee advising its members, who are also members in a party with members elected to an external government, to use their influence in those parties to work toward implementing the interactive electoral system in those parties' infrastructures and add implementation of the interactive electoral system as a part of any such party's official policy agenda.

None of the above implies that an allocation of tax contributions to better serve the principles of the ISS should be held in lower priority at any time than satisfying the above agenda.

Trade Between Nations

In an international community, the ISS believes that competitiveness between nations in their trade relations has a negative impact upon the people of both nations. The only benefits of this form of competition appear to be to the corporations that prevail in the provision of goods and services across borders.

Many people throughout the world share the desire to see all people of the world benefit from trade, both local and global, instead of some people gaining profit while others are economically and politically marginalized. The ISS wishes to advocate for this moral paradigm while remaining open to hearing and considering other views of morality to contemplate how they can be respected without sacrificing the intent to bring equal benefit to all people involved in international trade relations, including all the citizens of any particular nation involved.

The ISS believes that it is possible for two or more governments, when discussing trade relations, to make mutual efforts to regard the benefits of all of the citizens of all involved nations rather than putting their nation as a top priority and other nations as competitors in a game in which victory is sought.

The ISS invites examples of international trade relations that illustrate the comparison of the symbiotic efforts of governments versus examples that illustrate the results of international competition. Through these examples, the benefits of cooperative efforts of governments to provide a fair and prosperous marketplace for all citizens involved can be assessed.

Collective Ownership of Newly Printed Fiat Currency

Money that is printed on behalf of a society to act as a medium of exchange without being backed by possession of equally valued assets that could be exchanged for that money by a person upon request is called fiat currency.

Printing fiat currency effectively increases the value of total assets of the organisation printing it while deflating the value of fiat currency already in circulation as held by any member or group of members of society.

An organisation that prints fiat currency and regards that new currency as being jointly owned by all members of the society whose commerce the currency is intended to facilitate is deflating the value of privately held assets but increasing the value of collectively, publicly held assets by an equal value for each member of that society. These public funds may be used for projects and works that are in the public interest, collectively decided upon by public input.

The ISS advocates that newly printed fiat currency be collectively owned by all members of society intended to use it for their commerce.

The ISS advocates that all members of a society for whom fiat currency is printed for their usage benefit commensurately from the expenditures of that currency as it is put into circulation.

To request the addition of a political objective into this registry please contact the Chair of the Outreach Committee, Psam Frank.